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ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE FOR CONGRESSIONAL RELATIONS

July 10, 1961

REVISED GUIDELINES

FOR DRAFTING OFFICERS ANSWERING CONGRESSIONAL CORRESPONDENCE.

The following Guidelines have been prepared in order to assist drafting officers in handling Congressional correspondence promptly, courteously, and responsively.

Departmental regulations require that Congressional mail be answered within three working days. It is essential that all Departmental officers bear constantly in mind the necessity for maintaining a constructive relationship with Members of Congress. There are a number of factors which enter into the development of such a relationship but none is more essential than the uniform compliance by Departmental officers of the above-cited regulation.

The key official in the effort to meet the three-day time requirement is the drafting officer. While we are constantly seeking methods by which delays in the processes of clearance and transmission within the Department can be reduced, certain delays in this regard are inevitable. Hence, our experience has shown that a Congressional reply will meet the three-day deadline only if the drafting officer gives the incoming letter his immediate attention when it reaches his desk.

The attached Guidelines address themselves to the problem most frequently encountered by drafting officers in the preparation of replies to Congressional letters. Careful study of them, we believe, will make the drafting officer's task easier and avoid subsequent unnecessary delays.

If for any reason a problem is anticipated in the preparation of a Congressional reply, the drafting officer should immediately telephone H - Mr. Mitchell K. Stanley. Mr. Stanley may be reached on extensions 4748, 4286 or 4747, in Room 7256B, New State Extension.

REVISED GUIDELINES

- 1. <u>PROMPTNESS</u>: Congressional mail should be answered within three workdays.
 - a. Written Interim Acknowledgments -

If a satisfactory answer cannot be made within this time, the drafting officer should prepare a written interim acknowledgment immediately. An acknowledgment should not be made by telephone. The substantive reply should be made as promptly as possible.

b. Transfer to Another Agency -

If you ascertain that another Department or agency has jurisdiction, the letter advising the Member of Congress of this fact should be written promptly. He should be given the telephone code and extension number of the office to which his letter has been referred. The usual point of referral is the office of Congressional Relations, if one exists. A DS-14 (Interdepartmental Reference Slip) should also be prepared to accompany the Member's letter. It should be signed by an authorized signing officer of the drafting office.

2. RESPONSIVENESS: Be sure that your answer is responsive. Be as helpful as possible.

Do not answer two questions raised in a letter and ignore a third. Do not appear to misinterpret or rephrase a question in a way which makes it easier to answer.

Follow the instructions given by the communication with regard to enclosures and their return. When no instructions are given always return an original letter.

Where information, particularly documentary, is readily available and requires no interpretation, do not tell the Member that he can obtain it from a certain agency. Instead, inform him that you have requested the agency to forward it to him, or obtain a copy for inclusion with your reply.

3. CLARITY: Avoid bureaucratic language and overly technical writing. Particularly avoid the passive voice and long, complicated sentences. Do not use a group of words when one word will do. Make your replies clear and readable. Do not use Approved For Release 2004/03/23: CHA-RDP64B00346R000300170033-9

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Remember that in many cases your letter will be forwarded by the Member of Congress to a constituent who may not have extensive background knowledge of the subject matter discussed in the letter.

- 4. TONE: Your letter by its tone should carry an implicit recognition of the position of a Member of Congress in the United States Government. Be sure that it is courteous and respectful. Be careful to make no slighting or uncomplimentary remarks about the constituent.
- 5. <u>LENGTH</u>: A short letter, as long as it is responsive, is always preferable to a long one; and can be dispatched more promptly.
- 6. <u>NEATNESS:</u> Do not release a letter that is smudgy, has poor erasures, has not been typed on a typewriter with clean type, or has been typed with a worn typewriter ribbon. Be sure the letter is correctly spaced on the page. (See Department's Correspondence Handbook.)

While this point should concern your secretary principally, it is your responsibility as action officer to see that this is done.

7. OPENING: Avoid stereotyped opening sentences such as "The receipt is acknowledged . . . "Reference is made to . . ." or, "Further reference is made to . . ." Mention the subject and date of the incoming communication, as well as the date of any interim acknowledgment.

Do not use date of constituent's letter to the Congressman.

Do not refer to receiving the letter from a member of the Congressman's staff (except under circumstances when the Member of Congress is ill or out of the country) since you should consider any request of this nature as coming from the Member himself.

Should the incoming communication be a form letter, a referral or transmittal slip, it should always be referred to as "your communication" in the body of the letter.

8. <u>COURTESY CLOSE</u>: Never close letters abruptly and always use some type of courtesy close. Make the courtesy close consistent with the nature of the reply.

Examples of Courteous Close

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I regret that we cannot send you a favorable reply but if there is any additional information which you believe we can furnish, please do not hesitate to let us know.

b. If the letter is a helpful one, write, for example:

I hope that this information will be helpful to you in responding to your constituent. or

I hope that these comments will help clarify the position of the Department in this matter. and

If we can be of further assistance please do not hesitate to let us know.

9. REVIEW: Always go over the correspondence before passing it on.

Be sure that the response meets the foregoing requirements. Particularly satisfy yourself that the reply is accurate, courteous, responsive, and written in a clear, readable style.

When the reply leaves your desk, be sure that all the relevant papers, including any previous replies, are included.

10. CLEARANCES: Delays in dispatching replies to Congressional correspondence are often the result of excessive time lost in the clearance process. Drafting officers should obtain telephone clearances wherever this is feasible. Otherwise experience has shown that the reply is delayed approximately one day beyond the date it is drafted for each clearance that is required.

If telephone clearances are not feasible because of the complexity or importance of the subject matter of the reply, it is requested that, in addition to listing the office clearance symbol on the blue copy, the drafting officer also list the name of the clearing officer, if it is known. Otherwise additional time is lost before the reply reaches the appropriate clearing officer.

NOTE: Route your correspondence to S/S-CR for review before signature. S/S-CR should precede H on all routing slips on letters for signature.

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